

Cambridge International AS & A Level

Mathematics

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Paper 3 Pure Mathematics 3

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Question No(5)

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(a) The complex number u is given by

$$u = \frac{(\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7})^4}{\cos \frac{\pi}{7} - i \sin \frac{\pi}{7}}$$

Find the exact value of $\arg u$.

(b) The complex numbers u and u^* are plotted on an Argand diagram.

Describe the single geometrical transformation that maps u onto u^* and state the exact value of $\arg u^*$.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= \frac{(\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7})^4}{\cos \frac{\pi}{7} - i \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} \\
 &= \frac{(\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7})^4}{\cos \frac{\pi}{7} - i \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} \times \frac{\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7}}{\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7}} \\
 &= \frac{(\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7})^5}{\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{7} - i^2 \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{7}} \\
 &= \frac{(\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7})^5}{\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{7} + \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{7}} \\
 &= (\cos \frac{\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{7})^5 \\
 u &= \cos \frac{5\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{7} \\
 \arg u &= \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin \frac{5\pi}{7}}{\cos \frac{5\pi}{7}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$\because i^2 = -1$
 $\rightarrow \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{7} + \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{7} = 1$
 By De Moivre's theorem

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$$= \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \frac{5\pi}{7} \right)$$

$$\arg u = \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

(b)

The complex numbers u and u^* are plotted on an Argand diagram. Describe the single geometrical transformation that maps u and u^* and state the exact value of $\arg u^*$.

solution

As value of u from (a) is

$$u = \cos \frac{5\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

$$z = \cos \frac{5\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

$$|z| = \sqrt{\left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{7}\right)^2 + \left(\sin \frac{5\pi}{7}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\cos^2 \frac{5\pi}{7} + \sin^2 \frac{5\pi}{7}}$$

$$= \sqrt{1}$$

$$|z| = 1$$

$$\arg z = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sin \frac{5\pi}{7}}{\cos \frac{5\pi}{7}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \frac{5\pi}{7} \right)$$

$$= \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

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now

$$u^* = \cos \frac{5\pi}{7} - i \sin \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

conjugate of u

$$\bar{z} = \cos \frac{5\pi}{7} - i \sin \frac{5\pi}{7}$$

$$\text{if } z = x + iy$$

$$\bar{z} = x - iy$$

$$|\bar{z}| = \sqrt{\left(\cos \frac{5\pi}{7}\right)^2 + \left(-\sin \frac{5\pi}{7}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\cos^2 \frac{5\pi}{7} + \sin^2 \frac{5\pi}{7}}$$

$$= \sqrt{1}$$

$$= 1$$

$$\because \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\arg u^* = \tan^{-1} \left(-\frac{\sin \frac{5\pi}{7}}{\cos \frac{5\pi}{7}} \right)$$

$$= \tan^{-1} \left(\tan \left(-\frac{5\pi}{7} \right) \right)$$

$$\arg u^* = -\frac{5\pi}{7}$$

From the argument of u and u^* it's a transformation of type reflection in Real axis

