

Cambridge International AS & A Level

Mathematics

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Paper 4 Mechanics

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Question No(5)

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Two particles, P and Q, of masses $2m$ kg and m kg respectively, are held at rest in the same vertical line. The heights of P and Q above horizontal ground are 1 m and 2 m respectively. P is projected vertically upwards with speed 2 m s^{-1} . At the same instant, Q is released from rest.

(a) Find the speed of each particle immediately before they collide.

(b) It is given that immediately after the collision the downward speed of Q is 3.5 m s^{-1} . Find the speed of P at the instant that it reaches the ground.

Solution:

(a)

For the particle, P

$$s = 2t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2 \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

Formula for distance covered

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$

(+ when particle moves downward)
 (- when particle moves upward)

Diagram showing two particles, P and Q, at heights of 1m and 2m respectively above a horizontal ground line. Particle Q is at the top with $u=0$, and particle P is below it with $u=2$. A horizontal line is labeled 'horizontal'.

For the particle Q

$$s_Q = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \rightarrow \textcircled{2} \quad (\text{sum of distance of two particles})$$

As $s_P + s_Q = 2 - 1$

$$2t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2 + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 = 1$$

$$2t = 1$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2}$$

Equation of motion

$$v = u + at$$

(+ particle moves downward)
(- particle moves upward)

For the particle P

$$v_P = u - gt$$

$$= 2 - 9.8 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$= 2 - 4.9$$

$$= -2.9 = -3$$

$$v_P = 3 \text{ (velocity always +ve)}$$

For the particle Q

$$v_Q = u + gt$$

$$= 0 + 9.8 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$v_Q = 4.9 = 5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$u = 0$$

(b)

By law of conservation of
momentum

initial momentum = final momentum

$$m_1 u_1 + m_2 u_2 = m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2$$

$$2m(3) + m(5) = 2m v + m(3.5)$$

$$6m + 5m = 2m v + 3.5m$$

$$m(6+5) = m(2v+3.5)$$

$$6+5 = 2v+3.5$$

$$11 = 2v+3.5$$

$$v = \frac{11-3.5}{2}$$

$$v = 3.7$$

so after collision velocity of P is
3.7 m/s

At the time of collision both particles are at same level from horizontal.

so at $t = \frac{1}{2}$

distance for particle P is
 $= 1 + ut - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$

$$S_p\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 1 + 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \frac{1}{2}(9.8)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

$$= 1 + 1 - 1.225$$

$$= 2 - 1.225$$

$$S_p\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0.775 \text{ m}$$

$$S_p = 0.775$$

For the particle P, velocity before hitting ground

$$u = 3.7 \text{ m/s} \quad (\text{initial velocity after collision})$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$S_p = 0.775$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

using the equation

$$v^2 - u^2 = 2as$$

$$v^2 - (3.7)^2 = 2(9.8)(0.775)$$

$$v^2 = (3.7)^2 + 2(9.8)(0.775)$$

$$v^2 = 28.88$$

$$v = 5.37 \text{ m/s}$$